and the second s

THERMAL-SPRAYED METALLIC CONFORMAL COATINGS USED AS HEAT SPREADERS

Classification:

C23C4/00; C23C4/06; C23C4/12; C23C30/00; H05K7/20; H05K8/00; C23C4/00; C23C4/06; C23C4/12; C23C30/00; H05K7/20; H05K9/00; (H05K7)/20; C23C4/12; H05K9/00M4D: C23C4/00; C23C4/12; C23C4/12;

C23C4/12/G; C23C30/00; H05K7/20F Application number: AU20030272385 20030915

Priority number(s): US20020287490 20021101; WO2003US28858 20030915

Abdract not available for Au 200272055 (4)
Astract of corresponding document W0 200403123 (A1)
Heat dissipation and electromagnetic Memorans
(EM) shaking for an electronic depression of electronic defension of electronic depression of the enclosure of electronic depression for other depression delictronic components or other

a disposed in thermal adjoint requires ayor white), as disposed in thermal adjoint components or either heat-generality electron components or either sources consumed within the enclosure, may provide both thermal disposed and full shielding for the device. The syor may be sprayed onto live interior sufficient in a motion state and softrified to form a self-adherent coaling.

Integrated semiconductor memory with memory cells in a plurality of memory cell arrays and method of repairing said memory

 Publication number:
 EP1172855 (A2)
 Also published as:

 Publication date:
 2002-01-16
 © EP1172855 (A3)

 Tiventor(s):
 HARTMANN UDO (DEI
 © EP1172855 (A3)

Applicant(s): INFINEON TECHNOLOGIES AG [DE]
Classification:

- International: G11C29/00; H01L21/66; G11C29/00; H01L21/66; (IPC1-7); H01L27/106; H01L23/526; H01L21/768

- European: Application number: EP20010114673 20010619 Priority number(s): DE20001034062 20000713

Abstract of EP 1172655 (A2)

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(11)Publication number :

10-074872

(43)Date of publication of application: 17.03,1998

(51)Int.Cl.

H01L 23/36 H01L 23/373

(21)Application number: 08-228218

(71)Applicant: SUMITOMO METAL MINING CO

LTD

(22)Date of filing: 29.08.1996

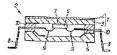
(72)Inventor: HIRAYAMA HIROSHI

(54) HEAT SPREADER

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To enhance a heat spreader in cooling performance, electrical insulation property, heat resistance and thermal fatigue resistance, and solvent resistance by a method, wherein at least a heat-dissipating surface of the heat spreader of copper or copper alloy whose main component is copper is covered with an insulating layer formed on the surface of the spreader.

SOLUTION: A heat spreader 1 is composed of a copper plate 3 and a fluororesin film insulating layer 4 formed on a heat dissipating area of the copper plate 3 primary surface where no semiconductor device is bonded. First, the surface of the copper plate 3 is cleaned, so as to come into good contact with an LSI chip 6 and to be



bonded well to the insulating layer 4. Then, black fluororesin is applied onto the heatdissipating area of the copper plate 3 for the formation of the insulating layer 4, the copper plate 3 is loaded into an electric oven of rack-transfer type and heated at a temperature of 230°C for thirty minutes, so as to thermoset the insulating film 4. By this setup, the insulating layer 4 superior in such characteristics as insulating property, heat resistance and thermal fatigue resistance, solvent resistance and others can be formed.

(11)Publication number:

10-163354

(43)Date of publication of application: 19.06.1998

(51)Int.CL

H01L 23/06 H01L 23/04 H01L 23/08

(21)Application number: 08-320406

(71)Applicant: KYOCERA CORP

(22)Date of filing: 29.11.1996

(72)Inventor: TACHIBANA MASAKI

(54) PACKAGE FOR HOUSING SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To prevent the deterioration of the airtight sealing of a package for housing semiconductor device due to a thermal stress even when a nonmagnetic material, such as copper, etc., is used for the lid of the package.

SOLUTION: An insulation substitute 1 is formed at a

SOLUTION: An insulating substrate 1 is formed of a ceramic material having a coefficient of linear thermal expansion of 10-20ppm/°C at 40-400°C. A

expansion of 10-2uppm/°C at 40-400°C. A semiconductor device 3 is housed in the recess 11 of the substrate 1 and the circumference of the device 3 is airtightly sealed by joining a lid 2 to a metallized layer 9 formed on the surface of the substrate 1 with a brazing material 10. Even when a nonmagnetic material, such as copper, a metal composed mainly of copper, etc., is used for the lid 2 the policylith of a composed mainly of copper, etc., is

used for the lid 2, the reliability of a package 4 can be improved by reducing thermal stresses, because the nonmagnetic material has a coefficient of linear thermal expansion of about 17ppm/°C which is close to that of the substrate 1.

(11)Publication number:

11-097871

(43)Date of publication of application: 09.04,1999

(51)Int.CI.

H05K 7/20 G06F 1/20

(21)Application number: 09-250750 (22)Date of filing:

16.09.1997

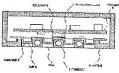
(71)Applicant : NEC GUMMA LTD

(72)Inventor: NOCHIDA KOHEI

(54) HEAT-DISSIPATING STRUCTURE FOR CASE

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To enhance the heatdissipating effect of a case causing no low-temperature burn of a human body when contacting the case. SOLUTION: At a bottom surface of a mold case 1, a thick hollow structure part 6 which comprises a cylindrical hollow with it is provided, and a plurality of through-slits 7 are provided at the hollow structure part 6. At a metal heat-dissipating plate 9 attached on an inner surface of the hollow structure part 6, a plurality of protruding parts 11, engaged with the slits 7 respectively. are provided, a tip end of the protruding part 11 is drawn in the slit 7 with a step from the surface of the mold case 1 formed, and no tip end of the protruding part 11 touches a human body, even if he touches the surface of



the mold case 1. By connecting a high-temperature heat-generating body 2 to a metal heatrelease plate 5 via a thermal interface material 3, the amount of heat generated by the hightemperature heat-generating body 2 is transported to the metal heat-dissipating plate 5, thus heat-dissipation is executed, while being diffused into a wide area owing to the high thermal conductivity of the metal heat- dissipating plate 5.

(11)Publication number:

2001-094020

(43)Date of publication of application: 06.04.2001

(51)Int.CI.

H01L 23/29 H01L 21/56

(21)Application number: 2000-251734 (22)Date of filing:

23.08.2000

(72)Inventor: JAAMIASU P RIBURUSU

(71)Applicant: TEXAS INSTR INC <TI>

(30)Priority

Priority number : 1999 150449 Priority date : 24.08.1999

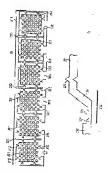
Priority country: US

(54) FLIP-CHIP PAKCAGE PROVIDED WITH STRIP-SHAPED HEAT SPREADER AND PRODUCTION METHOD

(57) Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a method for producing a thermally reinforced plastic molded flip-chip package.

SOLUTION: This method is provided with a process for providing plural copper or copper alloy strip-shaped heat spreader strips stuck to two side rails, by locating the peeler connectors of thinned cross sections, while having first and second main surfaces, a process for locating a polymer strip having plural IC packages to which flip-chip connected integrated circuits are stuck inside a mold press, a process for locating the heat spreader strips on a substrate and chip assembly, a process for injecting thermosetting plastic molding materials so as to fill a mold cavity and process for



taking the molded strips out of the mold press and separating respective packages by cutting them with the substrate and the peeler connector parts of thinned cross sections.

(11)Publication number:

2001-210769

(43)Date of publication of application: 03.08.2001

(51)Int.Cl.

H01L 23/373

(21)Application number: 2000-024694 (22)Date of filing:

28.01.2000

(71)Applicant: HITACHI LTD

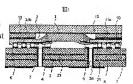
(72)Inventor: YONEDA NAE MIURA HIDEO

(54) SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a semiconductor device employing a heat spreader in which heat dissipation is enhanced while ensuring reliability and strength.

SOLUTION: A composite alloy of Cu2O and Cu sintered to have a coefficient of linear expansion smaller than that of a conventionally used copper alloy while exhibiting a high thermal conductively comparable to that of the copper alloy employed as the material of a heat spreader.



(11)Publication number:

2001-257296

(43)Date of publication of application: 21.09.2001

(51)Int.Cl.

H01L 23/36 // H01L 23/467

(21)Application number : 2000-114435

(71)Applicant : TOUSUI LTD

(72)Inventor: TERADA ATSUSHI

(22)Date of filing : (54) HEAT SINK

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To manufacture a heat sink excellent in heat dissipating property without using an expensive heat pipe or the like and provide it at a low cost, by a method wherein a heat sink has a hollow part formed by engaging two members, a corrugate fin which is formed of material excellent in thermal conductivity such as aluminum and copper and molded in a corrugate shape and whose thickness is at most 0.5 mm is put in the hollow part constituted of the two members, and the corrugate fin is bonded and brought into contact with the inside of the hollow part without using adhesive agent when the two members are engaged.

10.03.2000

SOLUTION: In this heat sink, a fin member which dissipates heat from a base and is slightly larger than a space of the hollow part and molded in a corrugate shape is put between a base member on which a heat generating element is to be mounted and a lid member which is engaged with the base member and forms the hollow part. The fin is fixed between the base member and the lid member simultaneously with engagement of the lid member with the base member and brought into contact with the base plate member and the lid member. As a result, heat is conducted from a surface of the base member to the fin member.

(11)Publication number:

2003-277853

(43)Date of publication of application: 02.10.2003

(51)Int.CI.

C22C 9/00 C22C 9/06 C22F 1/08 H01L 23/373 // C22F 1/00

(21)Application number : 2002-086390

(71)Applicant : DOWA MINING CO LTD

(22)Date of filing: 26.03.2002

(72)Inventor : MARUTA TOSHITSUGU ENDO HIDEKI

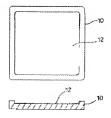
TOMOHARA KUNIHIKO

(54) COPPER ALLOY FOR HEAT SPREADER

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a low-cost Cu alloy for a heat spreader, which has excellent thermal conductivity and also has excellent reliability in a jointed (a) part during an assembly step or during use because of relatively high semi-softening temperature and can be used for IC package.

SOLUTION: The Cu alloy for the heat spreader has (100 to 200) N/mm2 0.2% proof stress, ≥350 W/m.K thermal conductivity, 0.14 to 0.18 work hardening index and ≤25 µm grain size in a width direction of a rolled surface sheet. The Cu alloy consists of 0.05 to 0.3 wt.%, in total, (b) of P and at least one or more elements among Fe, Ni and Co and the balance Cu with inevitable components. Further, grain size after heat treatment at 600°C for 30



min after cold forging at ≤40% reduction of area is ≤25 µm; and Vickers hardness after heat treatment at 600°C for 30 min after cold forging at ≤40% reduction of area is HV 60 to 170.

(11)Publication number:

2004-296726

(43) Date of publication of application: 21.10.2004

(51)Int.CI.

H01L 23/06 H01L 23/12

H01L 23/28 H01L 23/34

> H01L 23/36 H01L 23/373

(21)Application number: 2003-086195

(71)Applicant: KYOCERA CORP

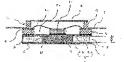
(22)Date of filing: 26.03.2003 (72)Inventor: MIYAUCHI MASAHIKO

(54) HEAT DISSIPATING MEMBER, PACKAGE FOR CONTAINING SEMICONDUCTOR ELEMENT, AND SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE

(57) Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To solve the problem wherein heat released from a semiconductor element in operation can not be effectively dissipated into the air. SOLUTION: A semiconductor element containing package is equipped with a heat dissipating member 1 provided with a mount where a semiconductor element 11 is mounted, an insulating frame 5 provided with a wiring conductor 6 and fixed on the top surface of the heat dissipating member 1, and a lid member 10 mounted on the upper frame to cover the mount. In the heat dissipating member 1, a through metal body 3 formed of diamond and a silver copper alloy is embedded in the center of a frame-shaped base 2

formed of a matrix composed of tungsten or



molybdenum and copper, and a copper layer 4 is bonded to the upper and lower surface of the frame-shaped base 2. It is preferable that the circumference of the through metal body 3 is larger than that of the semiconductor element 11 by the thickness of the base 2. The heat dissipating member 1 is superior in thermal conductivity, so that heat released from the

(11)Publication number:

2005-183830

(43)Date of publication of application: 07.07.2005

(51)Int.CI.

H01L 23/02 H01L 23/10 // H03H 9/02

(21)Application number: 2003-425489

(71)Applicant: TANAKA KIKINZOKU KOGYO KK

(22)Date of filing: 22.12.2003

(72)Inventor: ASADA TAKAO

(54) LID AND CLADDING MATERIAL FOR SEALING PACKAGE

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a lid available with direct lid methods that not only has a thinner intermediate layer in comparison with conventional lids but also has good seal characteristics even after connection to the base.

SOLUTION: A copper-nickel alloy is employed in the intermediate layer for a lid available with the direct lid methods, and provided with an intermediate layer for relieving distortion by heating. The density of nickel in the copper-nickel alloy constituting this intermediate layer is recommended to be 20 to 50 wt%. In addition, the copper-nickel alloy is also available as a lid body. When used as a lid body, this alloy eliminates the need for providing a low thermal expansion metal layer like covar.

(11)Publication number:

2005-250441

(43)Date of publication of application: 15.09,2005

(51)Int.CI.

G09F 9/00 B32B 9/00

H01J 7/24 H01J 11/02

(21)Application number: 2004-300426

(71)Applicant : ADVANCED ENERGY

TECHNOLOGY INC.

(22)Date of filing:

14.10.2004

(72)Inventor: CLOVESKO TIMOTHY NORLEY JULIAN

> SMALC MARTIN DAVID CAPP JOSEPH PAUL

(30)Priority

Priority number : 2003 685103

Priority date: 14.10.2003 12.05.2004 Priority country: US

2004 844537 2004 897308

22.07.2004

US US

(54) HEAT SPREADER FOR DISPLAY DEVICE

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To enable the separation and transfer of graphite particles without peeling off with a heat spreader which comprises a graphite film for a display device, such as a plasma display panel, a light emitting diode or liquid crystal display.

SOLUTION: The heat spreader includes at least one sheet composed of compressed particles of exfoliated graphite having a surface area greater than the surface area of a local region of high temperature in the back surface of the display device. The heat spreader is a laminate including a plurality of the sheets composed of the compressed particles of the exfoliated graphite and



Searching PAJ Page 2 of 2

has a protective layer on the graphite sheet. Further, the heat spreader preferably has a surface layer of aluminum or copper sheet etc., on the surface in order to coat the heat spreader and to attain an improvement in reprocessing.

(11)Publication number:

2006-179667

(43)Date of publication of application: 06.07.2006

(51)Int.Cl.

H01L 23/02 (2006.01) G01P 15/08 (2006.01)

(21)Application number: 2004-371102

(71)Applicant : OKI ELECTRIC IND CO LTD

MIYAZAKI OKI ELECTRIC CO LTD

(22)Date of filing: 22.12.2004 (72

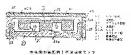
(72)Inventor: INO YOSHIHIKO

(54) PACKAGE FOR SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a package for a semiconductor device which is thin and has a good imprint characteristic.

SOLUTION: Chromium is plated to the surface of a 42 alloy plate 31 of a thickness of about 100 μm as a lid 30A which covers and airtightly closes a ceramic container 20 for housing the semiconductor device of an acceleration sensor 10 or the like. An about 10 μm -thick electrodeposition coating 32 is provided by forming a black compound in the chromium plating. The lid 30A is fixed in the upper part of the side wall 22 of the ceramic container 20 by means of a thermosetting resin 41. The thickness of the thermosetting resin 41 after setting is adjusted at 20 to 30 μm . In a conventional ceramic lid, a



thickness of ≥200 µm is required according to strength or the like, and laser processing is difficult. In the lid 30A, the thickness is reduced by half and easy imprint by laser is realized.

(11)Publication number :

11-163231

(43)Date of publication of application: 18.06.1999

(51)Int.Cl.

H01L 23/36

(21)Application number : 09-321861

(71)Applicant : MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORP

(72)Inventor: MEGURO HISAO

(54) SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE WITH HEAT SINK

25.11.1997

(57)Abstract:

(22)Date of filing:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To allow tight contact to a curved surface of a heat reception surface with no air reservoir occurrence, by forming a heat sink of a heat sink-attached semiconductor device allocated on a thermal conductive material on a heat spreader into such shape as convex at a central part on the side of thermal conductive material.

SOLUTION: A heat reception surface 7 of a heat sink 3 is formed into such shape as generally convex with a large-radius arc on the side of a thermal conductive material 5. Related to the order of contact between the thermal conductive material 5 coated on a flat surface 6 or a heat spreader 4 and the heat reception surface 7 of the heat sink 3, firstly the central part of the heat



reception surface 7 where the arc is higher contacts, and the thermal conductive material 5 deforms along the curved surface or the heat reception surface 7 of the heat sink 3 with no gap to, thereafter, contact the outside surface of the heat reception surface 7 where the arc is lower. Here, the thermal conductive material 5 is tightly contacted to the curved surface of the heat reception surface 7 of the heat sink 3 without causing air reservoir. An excessive thermal conductive material 5 is pushed outside to be held on a package 1.

HEAT DISSIPATING FILM IMPROVED IN HEAT CONDUCTIVITY AND SERVICE LIFE

Publication number: JP3295260 (A)

Publication date: 1991-12-26

Also published as:

Inventor(s): Applicant(s):

OSADA MITSUO; ABE YUUGAKU SUMITOMO ELECTRIC INDUSTRIES

Classification: - International:

H01L23/373; H01L23/34; (IPC1-7): H01L23/373

- European: Application number: JP19900409161 19901228

Priority number(s): JF19900409161 19901228; JP19890339981 19891229

Abstract of JP 3295260 (A)

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No title available

Publication number: JP4006863 (U) Publication date: 1992-01-22

Inventor(s): Applicant(s): Classification:

- international: G11B21/02; G11B21/02; (IPC1-7); G11B21/02

- European: Application number: JP19900047304U 19900507 Priority number(s): JP19900047304U 19900507

Abstract not available for JP 4006863 (U)

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Also published as:

DJP7049666 (Y2)

METAL PLATE BASE CIRCUIT BOARD

Publication number: JP4186869 (A)

Publication date: 1992-07-03

Inventor(s): WATANABE CHIHARU; USAMI YOSHITAKA

Applicant(s): DENKI KAGAKU KOGYO KK

Classification:

H05K1/05; H01L23/12; H01L23/14; H01L23/373; H05K7/20; H05K1/05; H01L23/12; H01L23/34; H05K7/20; (IPC1-7); H01L23/12; H01L23/14; H01L23/373; H05K1/05;

H05K7/20

- European: Application number: JP19900317091 19901121

Priority number(s): JP19900317091 19901121

Abstract of JP 4186869 (A) PURPOSE:To prevent the generation of cracks in

solder for a base metal plate, by mounting a heat presented for escinocination, which spreader is composed of at insert two livrids of metal plates composed of at insert two livrids of metal plates and the composed of at insert two livrids of metal plates (CONSTITUTICA A hearined crust is formed by using a metal board constituted of an aluminum polet as a base plate 1, a gloss could improgreated with epoxy cooper crucins 3. The whole surface of a plate formed by rolling dated of coopermicity-denum in plate day in cooperation of the composition of the composition of properties of the composition of the composition of properties of the composition of the composition of surfaced and a need spreader to list formed. By using semiconductor for job bring silicon contendrator is soldered on the moly-domina metal plate sole through a beat separated for the composition of the composition of the composition of By using outside solder 1, the copper metal plate soldered on use of the composition of soldered on the composition of properties of the composition of properties of the composition of properties properties of properties properties of properties properties properties properties properties properties properties propert



SEMICONDUCTOR ELEMENT HOUSING PACKAGE

Publication number: JP4280653 (A) Publication date: 1992-10-06 Inventor(s):

TANAKA EMIKO KYOCERA CORP

Applicant(s): Ciassification: - international:

H01L23/08; H01L23/02; H01L23/04; H01L23/06; H01L23/02; (IPC1-7): H01L23/08

- European: Application number: JP19910068930 19910308 Priority number(s): JP19910068930 19910308

Abstract of JP 4260653 (A) PURPOSE:To provide a semiconductor element. housing package excellent in airtightness by a method wherein an insulator and a metal lid are firmly jointed together. CONSTITUTION: A metal lid 2 is formed of a metal body where a copper coating layer is deposited on the outer surface of a core as thick as 20 to 40% of the core in cross section, where the core concerned is formed of alloy composed of 41.5 to 42.5% by weight of nicket and 57.5 to 58.5% by weight of iron. The metal \$d 2 is proximate in thermal expansion coefficient to an insulating base 1 of mulifle sintered body where a semiconductor integrated circuit element 4 is housed, so that the metal lid 2 and the insulating base I can be very firmly joined together.



Also published as:

DJP2813072 (B2)

PACKAGE FOR SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE

Publication number: JP4290250 (A) Publication date: 1992-10-14 Inventor(s):

TANAKA EMIKO KYOCERA CORP

Applicant(s): Classification: - international:

H01L23/04; H01L23/02; H01L23/06; H01L23/08; H01L23/02; (IPC1-7): H01L23/04: H01L23/08

- European:

Application number: JP19910080823 19910318 Priority number(s): JP19910080823 19910318

Abstract of JP 4290250 (A)

PURPOSE: To provide a package for containing a semiconductor chip, in which an insulating base body and a metal lid body have been bonded firmly and whose airtight sealing reliability at the inside of a container is high. CONSTITUTION: A metal lid body 2 is formed of a metal body in which copper sheets having a thickness of 10 to 20% with reference to the thickness of a sheetlike body have been bonded to the surface and to the rear surface of the sheetlike body which is composed of an altoy composed of the following: 28.5 to 29.5 w. % nicket; 15.5 to 26 5wt.% coball; and 54.0 to 56.0wt.% iron. The coefficient of thermal expansion of the metal ad body 2 is close to the coefficient of thermal expansion of an insulating base body 1 which houses a semiconductor integrated circuit element 4 and which is composed of a multite sintered body; the metal lid body 2 is bonded to the insulating base body 1 extremely firmly.



Also published as:

DJP2813073 (B2)

PACKAGE FOR SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE

Publication number: JP4290251 (A)
Publication date: 1992-10-14
Inventor(s): TANAKA EMIKO
Applicant(s): KYOCERA CORP

Classification:

international: H01L23/08; H01L23/02; H01L23/04; H01L23/06; H01L23/02; (IPC1-7): H01L23/08

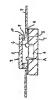
- European:

CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR STATEMENT OF THE S

- European: Application number: JP19910080824 19910318 Priority number(s): JP19910060824 19910318

Abstract of JP 4290251 (A)

PURPICEST o provide a pixology for containing a periminant provided as pixology for the provided from power provided as the provided from the provided the provided from the provided the provided from the provided the provided from the provided the provided from the provided from the provided from the pro



HEAT RADIATOR

Publication number: JP5326772 (A)

Publication date: 1993-12-10

Inventor(s): NAKAMURA YUKIO

pplicant(s): MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC IND CO LTD

Classification: - international:

: H01L23/42; H01L23/34; (IPC1-7): H01L23/42

- Europeani

Application number: JP19920158708 19920525

Priority number(s): JP19920158708 19920525

Abstract of JP 5326772 (A) PURPOSE:To enable heat released from an IC to

on absorbed into a head disseparing solution see as to creation a heat matter excellent in head designating properties and sincial in volume. properties and sincial in volume. On the control of the superior dissertance of the formed on the board 7 by soldering the leads 10 of mounted on the board 7 by soldering the leads 10 of solution 1 beautiful part of the leads 10 of solution 1 beautiful part of 10 by boarding agent 12, and as in C mounting section surrounded by the forme 11 is filled with during head 50 by formed 11 by and the solution of the 10 of old annium or copper is forcised to the upsale for the farment 1 with boarding agent 11 his done piece, and the head disciplinating solution 15 is 10 citized by section by by the farment 11 and the 1d 10 citized by section 10 by the farment 11 and the 1d 10 citized by section 10 by the farment 11 and the 1d 10 by 1



MULTIPLE LAYER LEAD FRAME AND MANUFACTURING METHOD THEREOF

Publication number: JP7263605 (A)

Also published as:

Publication date: 1995-10-13 Inventor(s):

JP3186408 (B2)

Applicant(s):

OTAKA TATSUYA; KAMEYAMA YASUHARU; AKINO HISANORI; TAKAHAGI SHIGEJI; YONEMOTO TAKAHARU

HITACHI CABLE

Classification:

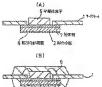
H01L23/28; H01L21/52; H01L21/56; H01L23/50; H01L23/28; H01L21/02; H01L23/48; HPC1-7); H01L23/50; H01L21/52; - international:

H01L21/56, H01L23/28

Application number: JP19940055558 19940325 Priority number(s): JP19940055568 19940325

Abstract of JP 7263605 (A) PURPOSE: To effectively avoid the retiow cracking

caused between a metallic sheet and a mold resin at the solder reflowing time by improving the bonding properties between the metallic sheet and the mold resin, CONSTITUTION: A copper alloy sheet 2 to be a heat spreader is laminated on the title multiple layer lead frame 1. Besides, a surface roughened layer 8 is formed on the copper alloy sheet 2 coming into no contact with the lead frame 1. On the other hand, a bonding agent 7 is provided on the copper alloy sheet 2 coming into contact with the lead frame I so as to bond a semiconductor element 5 on the lead frame I. At this time, the surface roughened layer 8 is formed by AC roughering process, electrolytic roughening process or black color exidation roughening process., Furthermore, either thermoplestic bonding agent to the bonding agent or thermosetting bonding agent may be applicable to the bonding agent 7. Althrough the copper alloy sheet 2 having the self-contained type in a mold resin 4 may be turther corrosion preventively processed after performing the surface roughening processes.



MANUFACTURE OF CERAMIC PACKAGE

Publication number: JP8241941 (A)

Inventor(s): NARUSHIGE KELJI
Applicant(s): SUMITOMO KINZOKU ELECTRO

Classification:

 international: H01L23/373; H01L23/40; H01L23/34; (IPC1-7); H01L23/373; H01L23/40

- European: Application number: JP19950070565 19950303

Application number: JP19950070565 19950303 Priority number(s): JP19950070565 19950303

Abstract of JP 8241941 (A)

PURPOSE. To reduce the warp of a package base body when a heat spreader is brazed to the rear of the package base body comprising a recessed part on which an electronic component is to be mounted by a method wherein a copper plate is used as the heat spreader and a brazing temperature is specified CONSTITUTION: A package base body 1 comprises a chip mounting part 4 composed of a cavity (a recessed part) on which a semiconductor chip 3 is to be mounted in the central part, and a plurality of external terminals 5 are erected and installed around a face on the side on which the chic mounting part 4 has been formed. A heat spreader 2 which is fixed and bonded to the rear 1a of the package base body 1 is formed of a copper piate and an Ni-plated layer 9 is formed on the whole face of the heat spreader 2; The package base body 1 and the heat spreader 2 are fixed and bonded by a silver brazing material 10. At this time, a brazing operation is performed at a temperature within a range of the melting point of the brazing material to narge or the metally point or are brazing insected in the metting poing plus 20 deg.C white a load at 7.5g/cm<2> or higher is being applied to the neat dissipating face of the heat spreader.

P3222348 (B2)

SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE

Publication number: JP8298299 (A)

Publication date: 1996-11-12

Inventor(s): OGAWA TOSHIO; TAKAHASHI MASAAKI; KAMIMURA NORITAKA; AIDA

MASAHIRO; EGUCHI KUNIYUKI; SUZUKI KAZUHIRO; HATTORI MOTONOBU; HANELHIROYUKI

Applicant(s):

Classification:

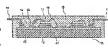
- international H01L23/28; H01L23/29; H01L23/31; H01L25/07; H01L25/18; H01L23/28; H01L25/07; H01L25/18; (IPC1-7): H01L23/28; H01L23/29; H01L23/31; H01L25/07;

- European:

Application number: JP19950103404 19950427 Priority number(s): JP19950103404 19950427 PURPOSE: To realize a compact, high-reliability

Abstract of JP 8298299 (A)

power semiconductor device by constituting a device with a resin mold in one united body in a power semiconductor device having a construction of protecting a circuit system with a resin-based mold. CONSTITUTION: An insulating substrate is produced by thermally bonding together under pressure an epoxy-based insulating layer 14 on the surface of one side of a metal case substrate 15. A copper conductor layer is formed on the isulating layer 14, etching removal is selectively performed, and a conductor pattern 13 having a predetermined shape is formed. On the other hand, a power semiconductor element 11 is jointed on a heat spreader consisting of copper chips by using hightemperature solder 21. This jointing member is fixed with low-temperature solder 20 on the conductor pattern 13 prepared in advance; At this time, other chip parts may be jointed at the same time. A series of circuits thus prepared are set in metal moids set to a predetermined temperature, and a resin mold 18 is molded in one united body, thereby obtaining a compact, high-performance power semiconductor



SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE AND ITS MANUFACTURE

Publication number: JP9102559 (A)

Publication date: 1997-04-15 Inventor(s):

SAWAI AKIYOSHI; DNO YUKIMITSU; ICHIYAMA HIDEYUKI; 📆 ASAI KATSUNORI

Applicant(s): MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORP; RYODEN

SEMICONDUCTOR SYST ENG

Classification: - interactional

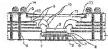
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H01L23/12; H01L23/04; H01L23/367; H01L23/12; H01L23/02; H01L23/34; (IPC1-7): H01L23/12

H01L23/94: H01L23/367W Application number: JP19950257671 19951004 Priority number(s): JP19950257671 19951004

Abstract of JP 9102559 (A)

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To increase the number of pins, reduce the arranging pitch of the pins, and improve the heat radiating characteristic and mountability by housing a semiconductor chip in a recessed section formed at the central part of a substrate and forming a plurality of ball-like external electrodes on the upper surface side of the chip, and then, closing the recessed section with a fid and forming thormal via holes on the lower surface side of the chip. SOLUTION: A semiconductor chip 9 is housed in a recessed section formed at the central part of a substrate 1 and a plurality of ball-like external electrodes 14 is formed on the upper surface side of the chip 9. The recessed section is closed with a lid 11 and thermal via holes 2 are formed on the lower surface side of the chip 9. The via holes 2 are formed by plating copper through holes.; The vis holes 2 are filled up with a resin. When the area of the Bd 11 is >=300mm<2>, in addition, the lid 11 is made of a ceramic.



JP3292798 (82)

US58148B3 (A)

KR160228595 (B1)

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